

MICS 6 – Serbia MICS 6 – Serbia Roma Settlements 27 October 2020











Types of questionnaires and timeline of the surveys



Timeline of the Surveys

Data collection:
 September – December 2019

Final results:27 October 2020

4 types of Questionnaires

- Household questionnaire (9 modules)
- Questionnaire for women 15-49 years of age (12 modules)
- Questionnaire for children under 5 (9 modules)
 - Questionnaire form for vaccination records at health facility
- Questionnaire for children aged 5–17 years (5 modules)

New in MICS6



- Questionnaire for children aged 5–17 years
- New modules:
- Employment (country-specific modul)
- Material deprivation
- Household energy use
- Victimization
- Informed decision-making on reproductive health
- Child functioning
- Parental involvement
- **≺** Snapshots

Indicators and disaggregations



SDG Indicators

- 25 in total
- 7 new SDG indicators

MICS Indicators

145 MICS indicators

Level of disaggregation

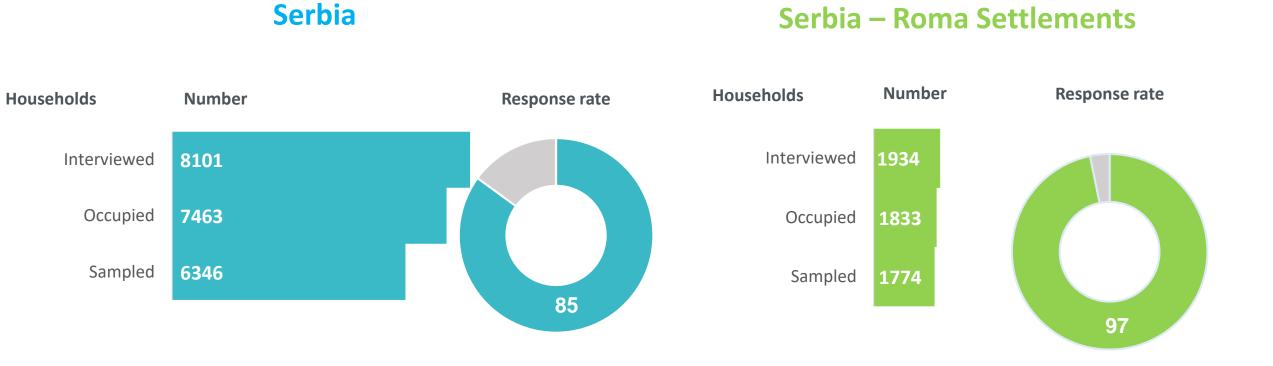
- Sex
- Age
- Ethnicity
- Area of residence
- Region

- Education
- Wealth index
- MaterialDeprivation
- Employment

Two surveys – two samples



Sample Frame: 2011 Population Census Updated January-February 2019



Two surveys – two samples



Interviewed

Serbia



3740 women 15-49 years



1838 mothers/caregivers of children under 5 years



1734 mothers/caregivers of children aged 5–17 years

Serbia – Roma Settlements



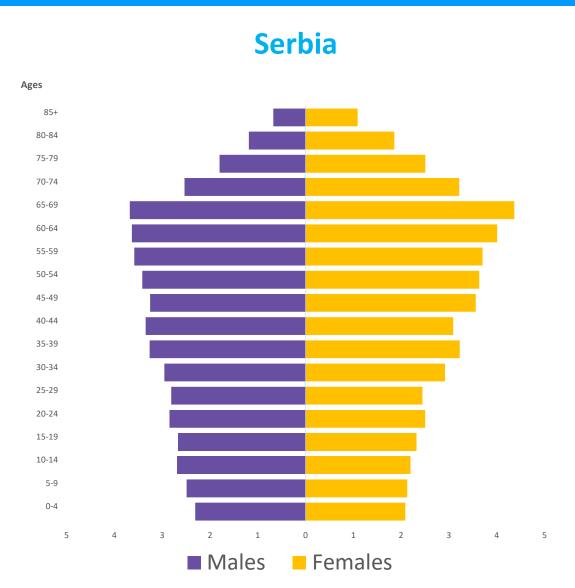
1049 mothers/caregivers of children under 5 years

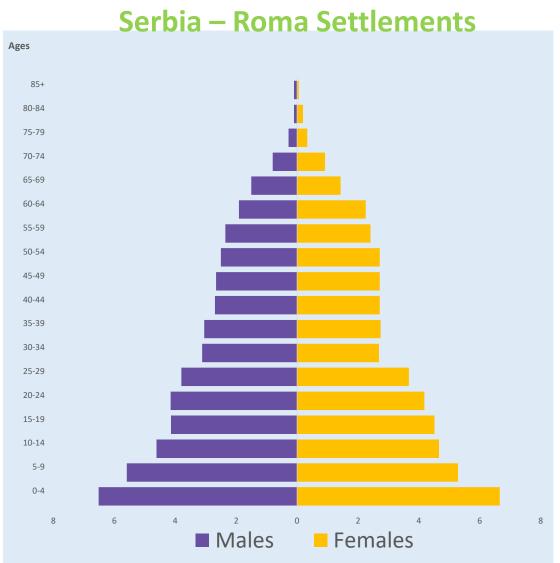
981 mothers/caregivers of children aged 5–17 years



Age and sex distribution of household population

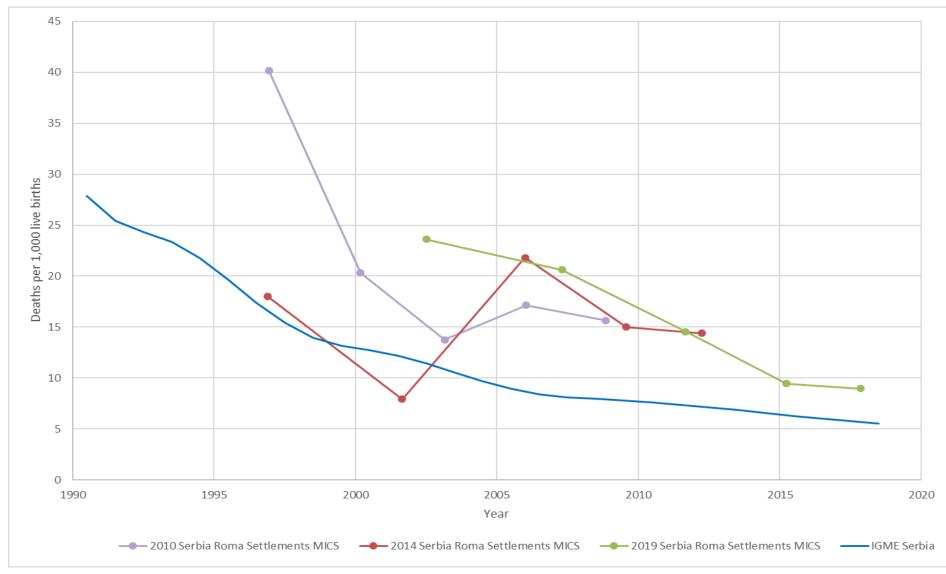






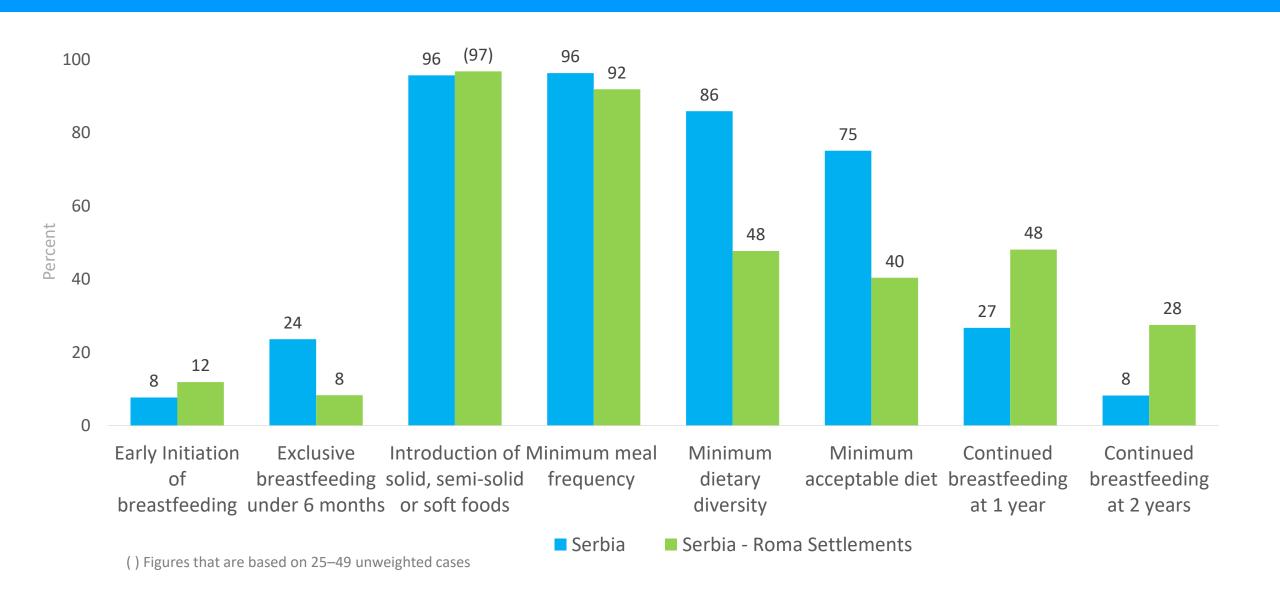


Trends in under-5 mortality rates



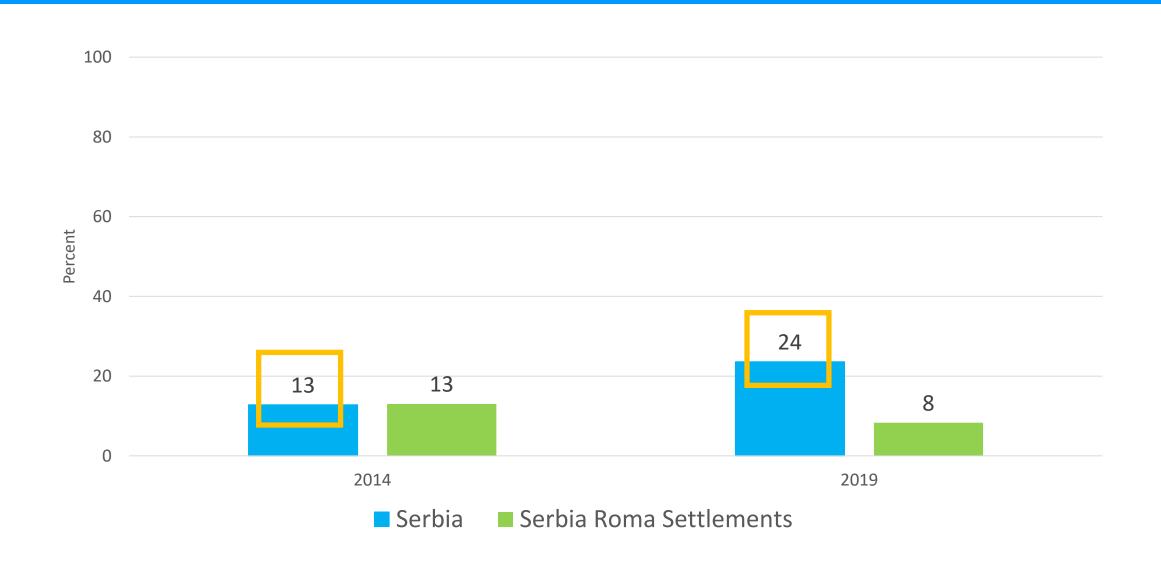
Infant and young child feeding





Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months



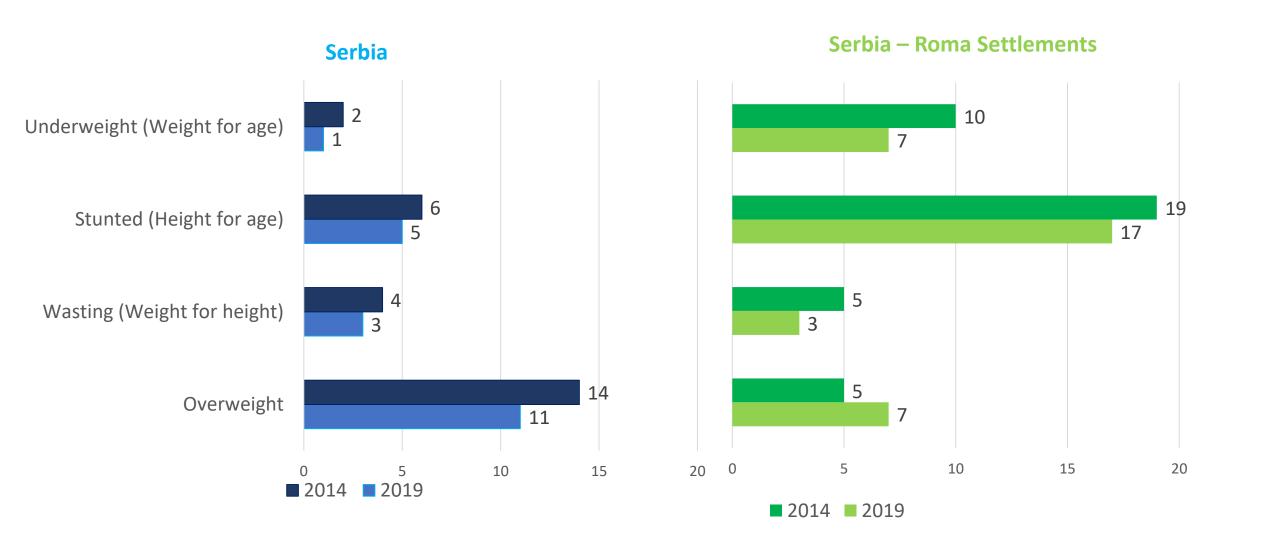


Nutritional status of children (under 5)

Owerweight, Wasting: SDG 2.2.2

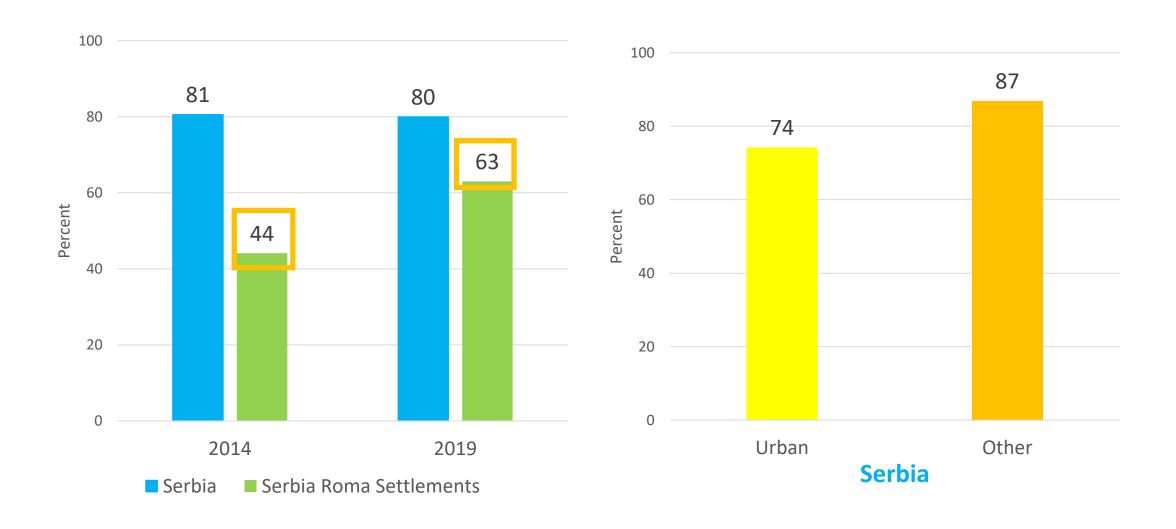
Stunted: SDG 2.2.1





Vaccinations Full immunization coverage excluding PCV and revaccines

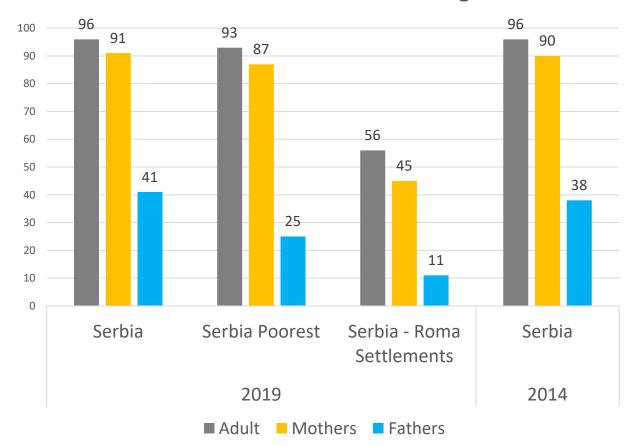


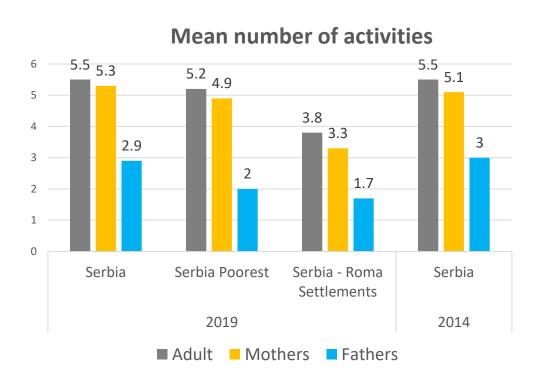


Support for learning (children aged 2–4 years)



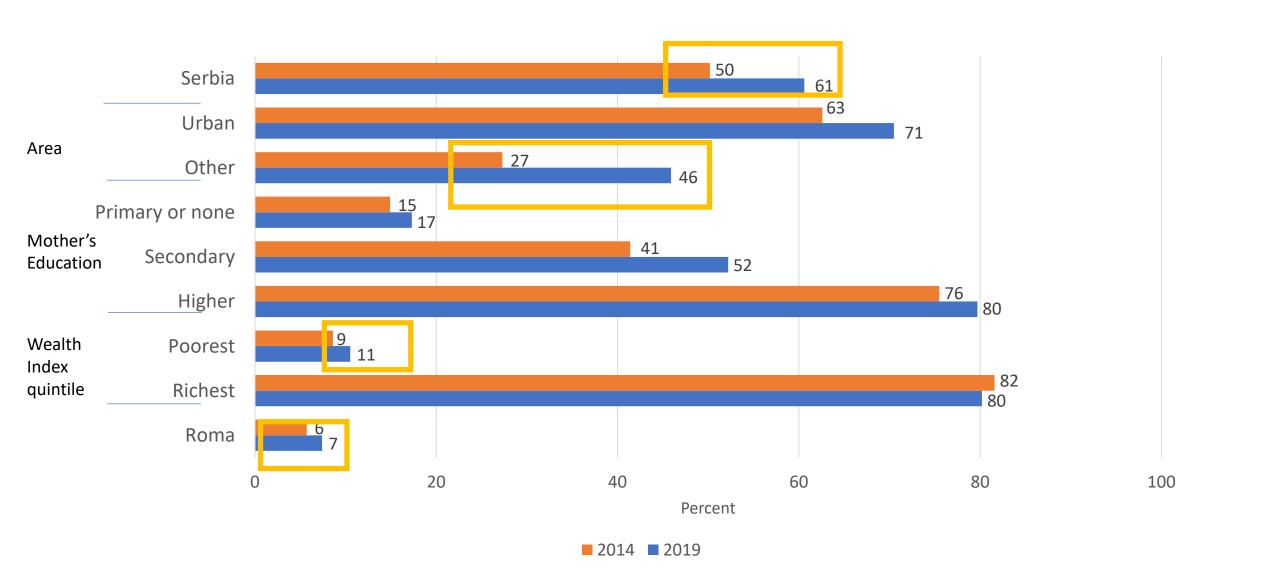
Participation of adults, mothers and fathers in activities that stimulate learning





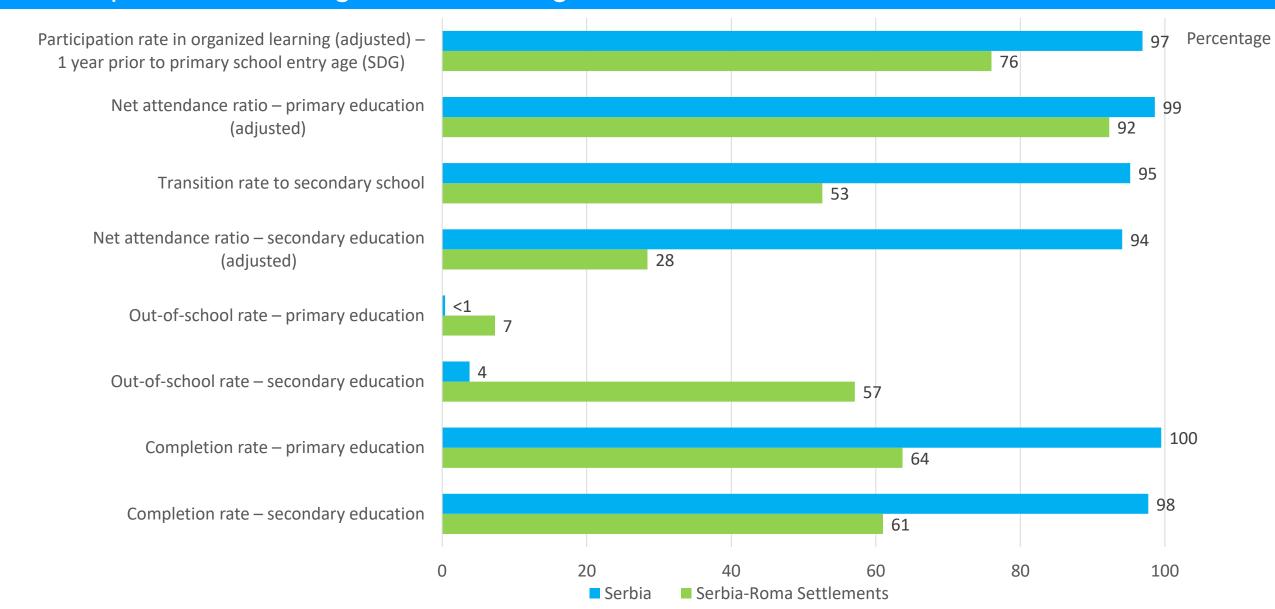
Attendance to an early childhood education programme (aged 3–5 years)





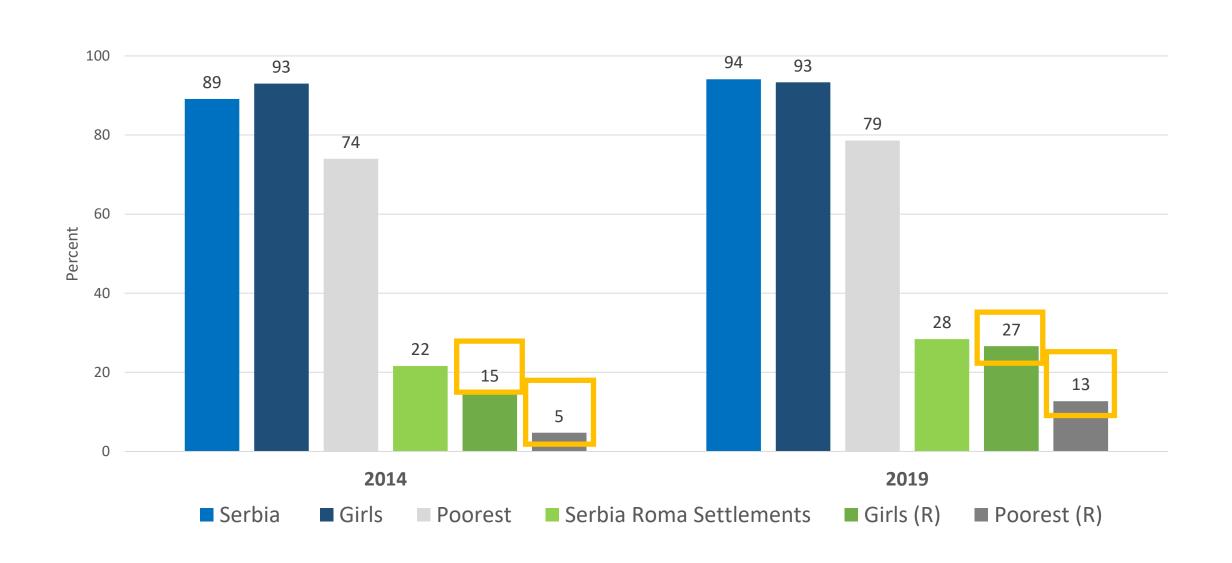
Education – attendance & completion (based on the National Education System Classification) Participation rate in organized learning: SDG 4.2.2





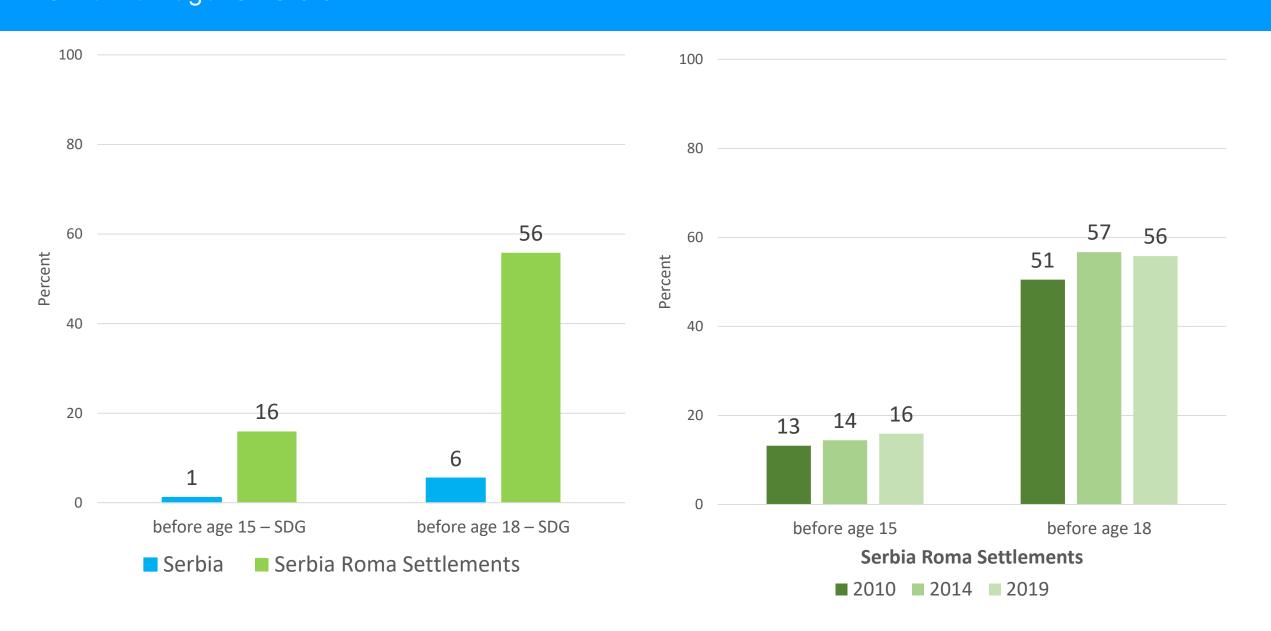
Net attendance in secondary education





Early Marriage and trends Child marriage: SDG 5.3.1

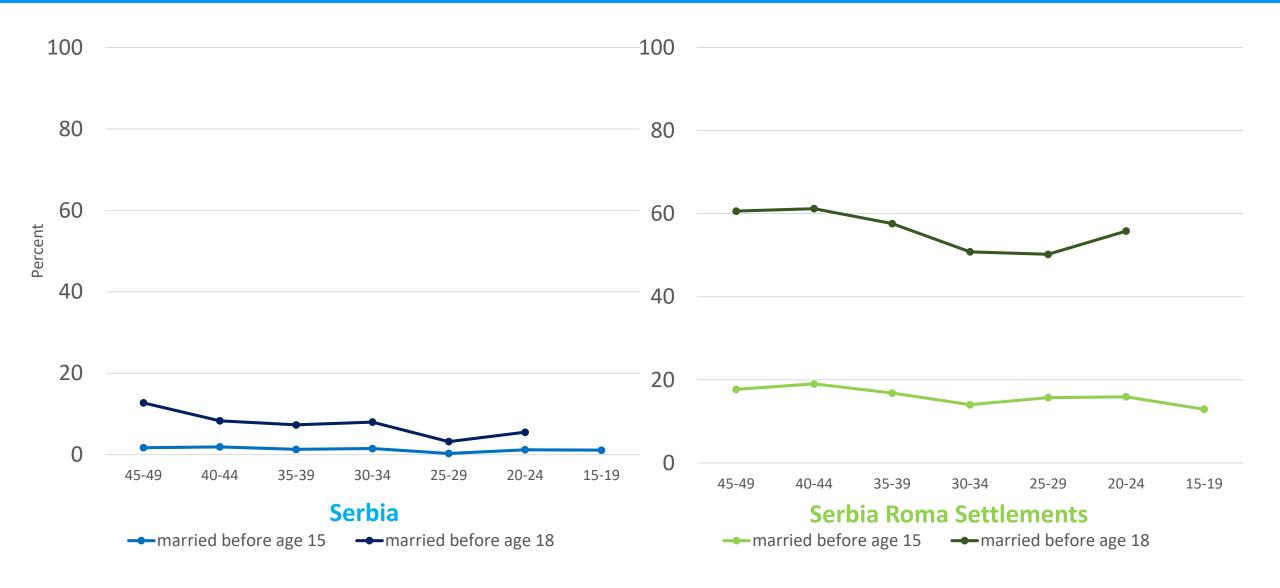




Trends in child marriage

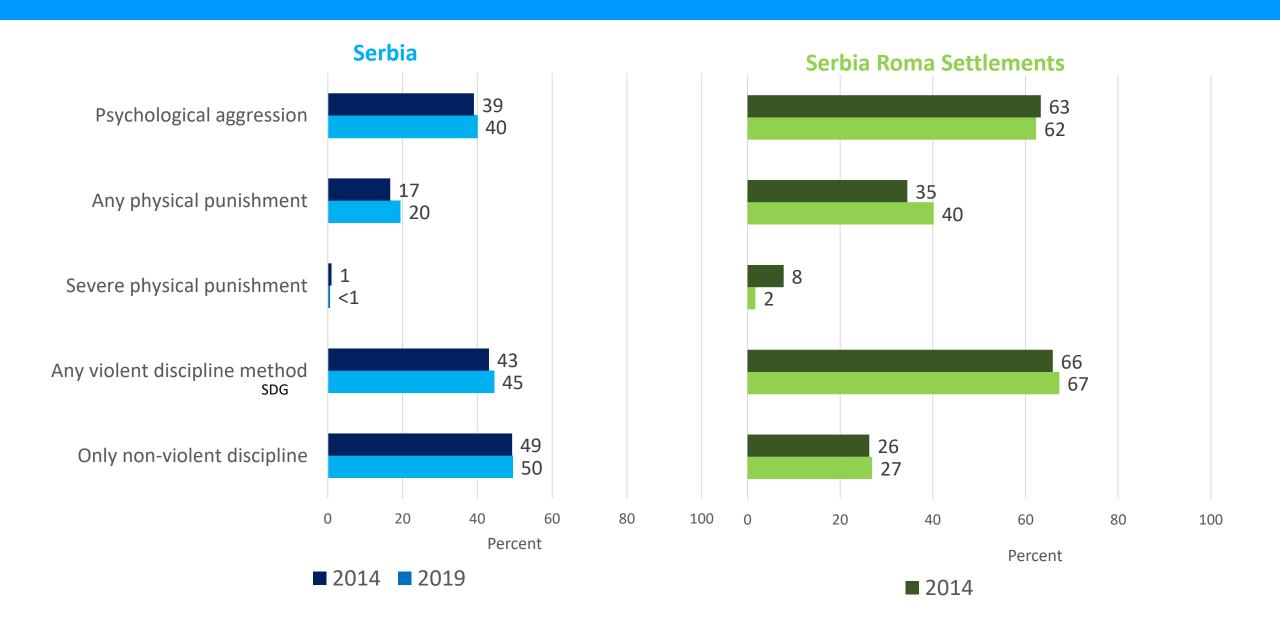
Women by age groups in years





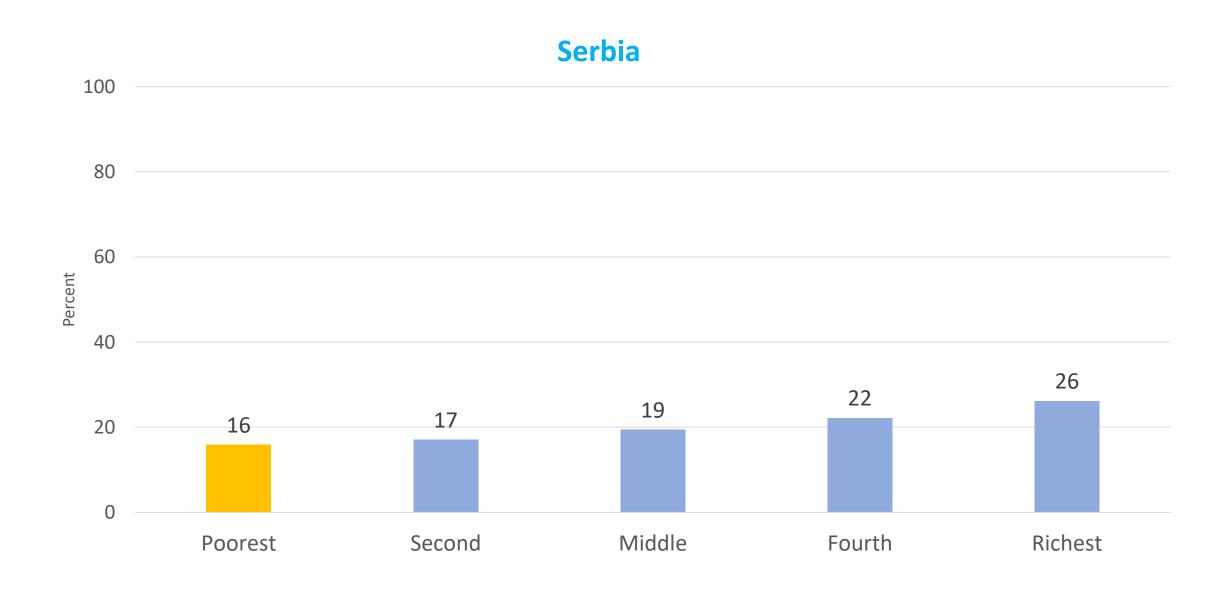
Child disciplining methods (children age 1–14 years) Violent discipline: SDG 16.2.1





Wealth Index quintiles Children aged 0–17 years



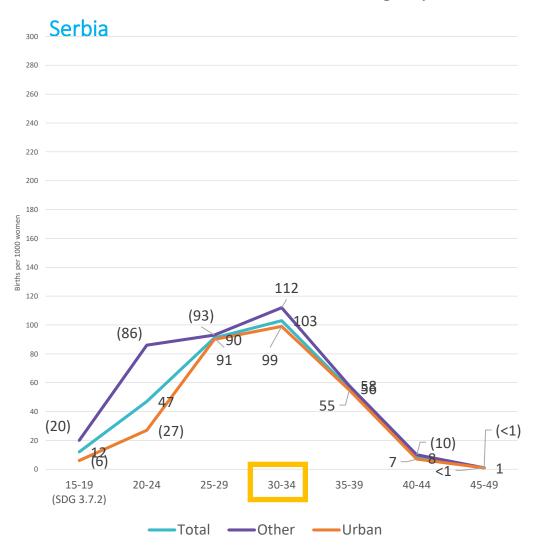


Fertility

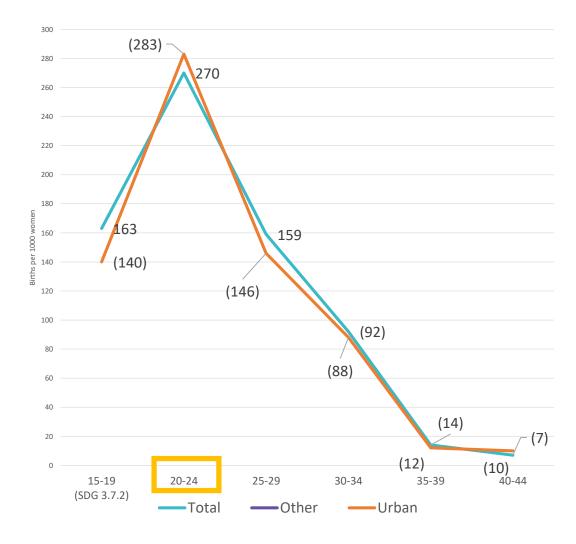




Age Specific Fertility Rates

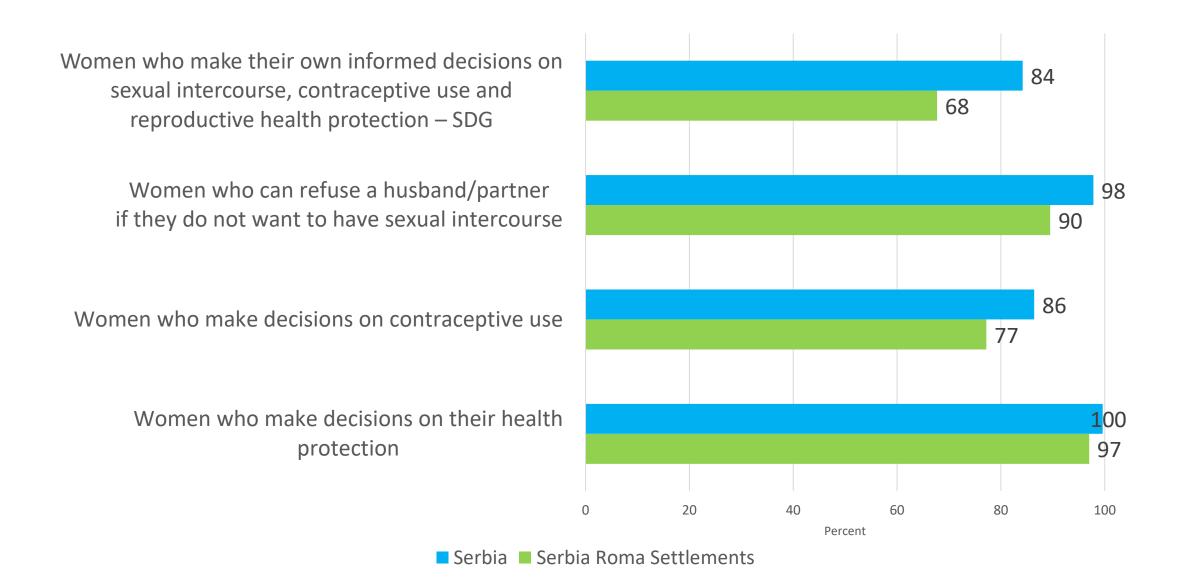


Serbia Roma Settlements



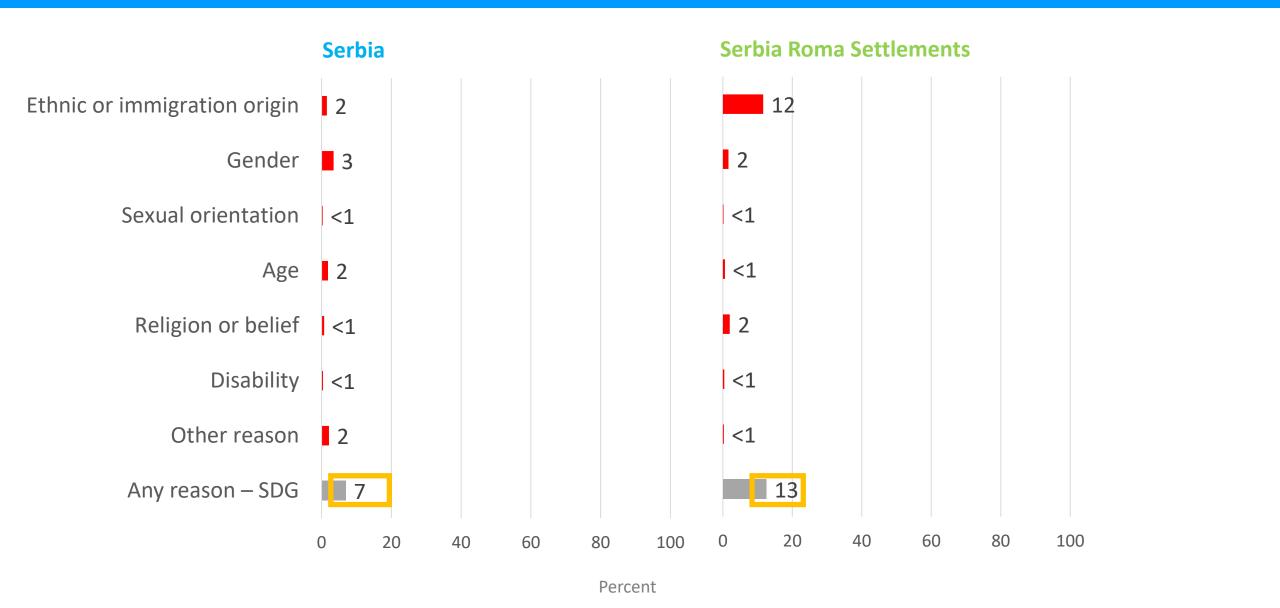
Informed decision-making on reproductive health SDG indicator 5.6.1





Victimization Discrimination and Harassment: SDG indicators 10.3.1 and 16.b.1





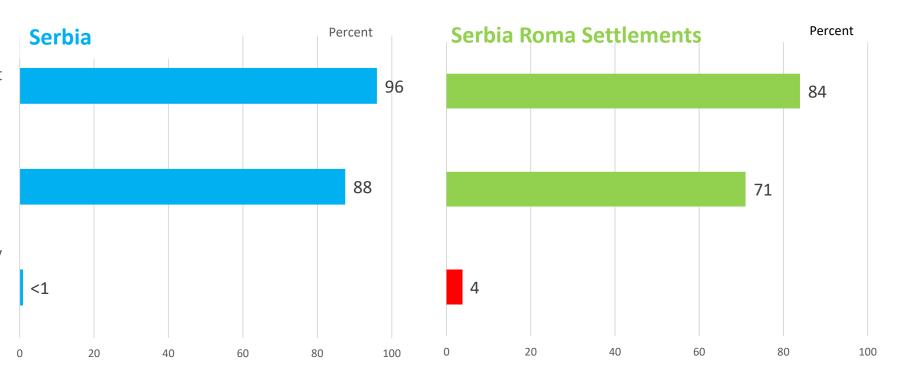
Victimization Sense of security: SDG 16.1.4



Women who feel safe when they are alone at home when it gets dark

Women who feel safe when they walk alone in their neighborhoods when it gets dark – SDG

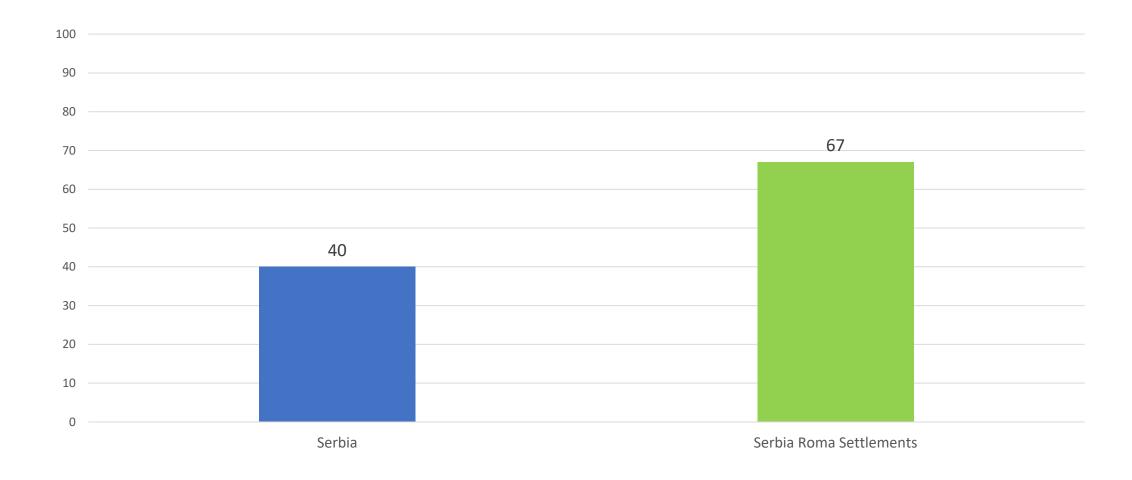
When it gets dark, women who feel very insecure when they walk alone in their neighborhoods or when they are alone at home



Victimization Reporting robbery and assault: SDG 16.3.1

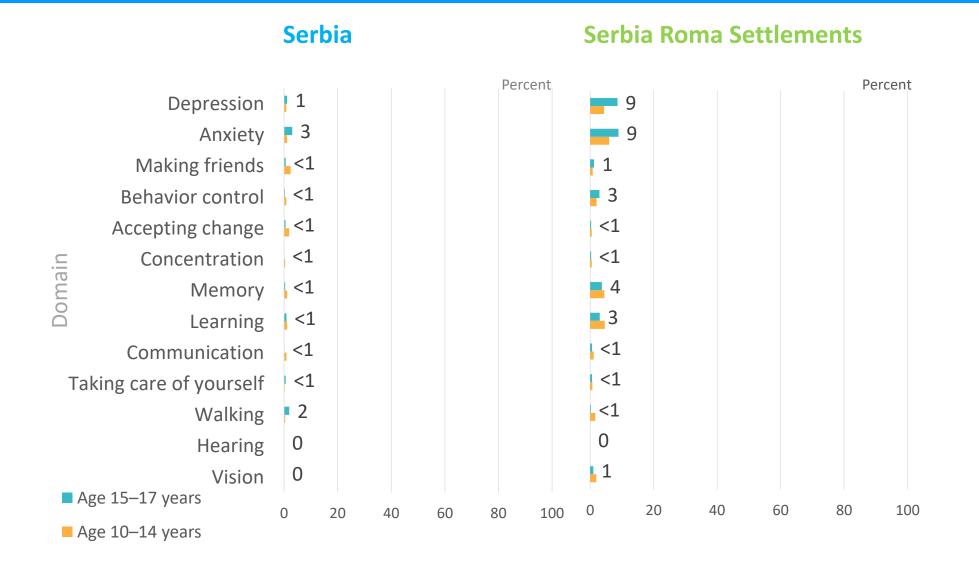






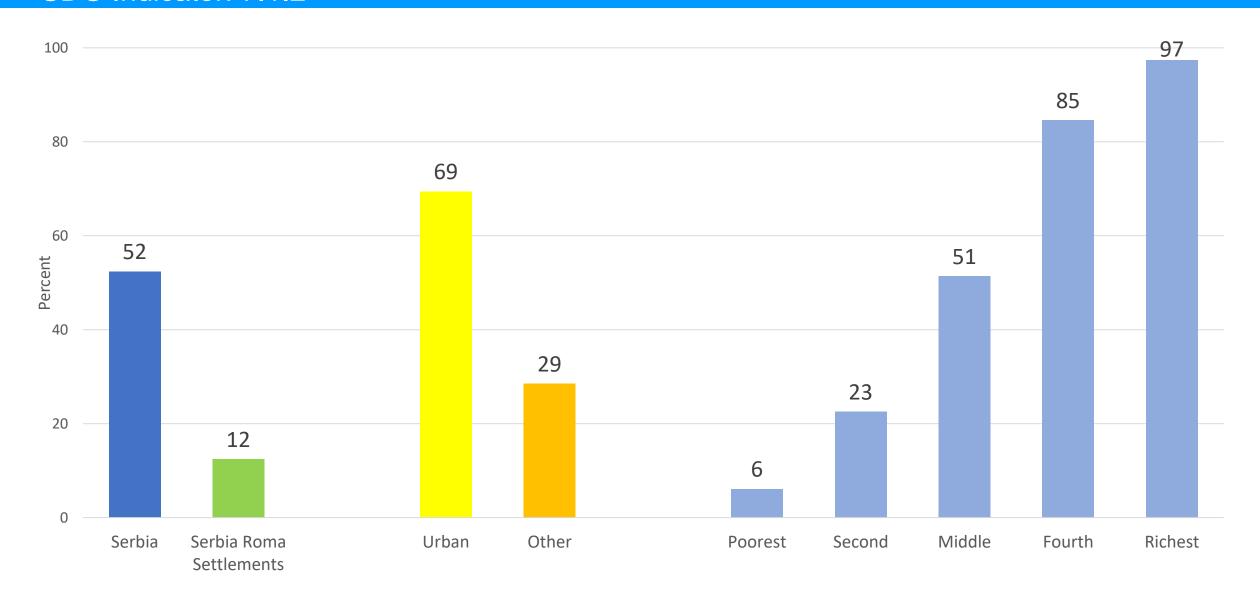
Child Functioning





Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, space heating and lighting SDG Indicator: 7.1.2





Thank you



