

**KEY  
MESSAGES**

for eight  
newly published  
environment-  
related SDG  
indicators

### 6.1.1

Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services is high and has been at the same level for many years.

# 75%

### 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



### 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



### 9.4.1

Total calculated carbon dioxide emissions from the fuel combustion process and from the manufacturing industry after 2004 with a variable trend, but declining until 2018.

Total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (2004–2018.)

# -21%

### 6.3.2

Underground water bodies have the best ambient water quality.

# 67,82%

of water bodies had **good water status** (2017–2019.)

### 14 LIFE BELOW WATER



#### 14.b.1

Degree of application of a legal/ regulatory/ policy/ institutional framework which recognizes and protects access rights for small-scale fisheries for the Republic of Serbia was assessed as level 4 (high degree of implementation of instruments for access to resources and markets for small-scale fisheries) out of 5 levels.

# 4/5

emissions from the manufacturing industry (2004–2018.)

# -61%

### 12.1.1

Serbia is actively implementing the 10-year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, which includes the National Action Plans, Instruments, Policies and Mechanisms for Sustainable Consumption and Production.

### 12.5.1

Amount of municipal waste recycled in the Republic of Serbia has been increasing since 2017, and in 2019 it amounted to 334 thousand tons.

# 334 000 T

### 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



### 15 LIFE ON LAND



### 15.1.2

Proportion of important sites for freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, as well as proportion of important sites for terrestrial biodiversity that are covered by protected areas has been increasing since 2000 in the Republic of Serbia.

+8,8% **+10,3%**  
terrestrial biodiversity freshwater biodiversity

### 15.6.1.a

The Republic of Serbia is a signatory to the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture and a signatory to the Nagoya Protocol. It submitted a report on the legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to the Central Institution for the Exchange of Specialized Information on Access and Benefit-Sharing Generated by the Use of Genetic Resources. In 2021, it had 106 reported Standard Material Transfer Agreements (SMTAs) under which plant genetic resources for food and agriculture are transferred to the country.